This week, we want to handle trees that can represent mathematical functions. We will handle usual mathematical functions of a variable. For example, we want to be able to express:

$$1. \ f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}$$

2. 
$$g(x) = (x-2) \cdot e^x$$

3. 
$$h(x) = \frac{15\ 000}{1 + 39 \cdot e^{-0.75t}}$$

Last time we used the Tree class, see Listing 1.

```
class Tree:
    def __init__(self, data, left=None, right=None):
        self.data = data
        self.left = left
        self.right = right

def __str__(self):
    return str(self.data)
```

Listing 1: The Tree data structure.

This week, we want to use <u>different</u> types of nodes for our trees:

- 1. Operations (+, -, \*, / and ^): they have two children (left and right).
- 2. Leaves: numbers (1, 0.75...) or variables (most of the type x, sometimes t): they do not have children (i.e., left and right are both equal to None).
- 3. Functions (cos, sin, tan, sqrt, exp, ln...): they have one child (we'll use the convention that this child is left, and that right has to be None).

Listing 2 is an example of use that defines  $\sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}$ . You can download it from http://www.barsamian.am/2023-2024/S7ICTC/TP10\_Trees.py.

```
1  x = Tree("x")
2  three = Tree(3)
3  sqrt_x = Tree("sqrt", x)
4  sub_tree = Tree("/", three, sqrt_x)
5  f = Tree("+", sqrt_x, sub_tree)
```

Listing 2: Mathematical expression  $\sqrt{x} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{x}}$ .

- 1. Draw the tree associated to the variable f. Here, the sub-tree sqrt\_x is present twice in the tree. You can draw it twice or once, it does not change the result.
- 2. Write a function evaluate\_tree that takes 3 arguments tree, variable and value, and computes the mathematical result of the expression contained in the tree, where the variable is replaced by the value. You can use the function compute\_tree which is given in the python file this week, enhanced from your work last time.

```
For example, evaluate_tree(f, "x", 9) should be equal to \sqrt{9} + \frac{3}{\sqrt{9}} = 4.
```

- 3. Create in python the variable g which is the tree associated to g(x). Please use a node that represents the exponential function (exp) with x as left child, instead of using the exponentiation operator  $\hat{ }$  with 2.718281828 and x as children.
  - Make sure that the evaluate\_tree function from the previous question also works here. For example, check that evaluate\_tree(g, "x", 1) is equal to  $\approx -2.718281828$ .
- 4. Our goal is now to write a derive\_tree function that computes derivatives. This function has two arguments tree, variable. It will be a list of "ifs", where we'll check each possibility for the data. In most of the cases, it is possible to simplify the writings of the functions. I do not ask to simplify trees that you will have, I just ask that the mathematical expression obtained is correct.
  - (a) Constants: what is the derivative of a constant? Write this case in python.

Test it: derive the tree three.

(b) Variable alone: what is the derivative of x? Write this case in python.

Test it: derive the tree x.

(c) The +: if f and g are two functions, how do you compute (f(x) + g(x))'? Write this case in python.

Test it: write the tree x + 3 and derive it.

(d) The -: if f and g are two functions, how do you compute (f(x) - g(x))'? Write this case in python.

Test it: write the tree 4 - x and derive it.

(e) The \*: if f and g are two functions, how do you compute (f(x) \* g(x))'? Write this case in python.

Test it: write the tree  $(x+3) \cdot (4-x)$  and derive it.

(f) The /: if f and g are two functions, how do you compute  $\left(\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}\right)'$ ? Write this case in python.

Test it: write the tree  $\frac{1}{x}$  and derive it.

(g) The  $\hat{}$ : we'll only cover the case where we have either  $a^b$  where a and b are constants, or  $x^n$  where x is the variable and n is an integer constant. How do you compute  $(a^b)'$ ? How do you compute  $(x^n)'$ ? Write these cases in python.

Test it: write the trees  $2^4$  and  $x^3$  and derive them.

- (h) The sqrt: if f is a function, how do you compute  $\left(\sqrt{f(x)}\right)'$ ? Write this case in python. Test it: derive the f tree.
- (i) The exp: if f is a function, how do you compute  $(e^{f(x)})'$ ? Write this case in python. Test it: derive the g tree.
- 5. In this last question, we'll try to make some simplifications. We'll write a function simplify\_tree that outputs another tree, equivalent to the one given as argument, but easier.

For instance, it will convert the tree  $0 + \dots$  into just  $\dots$  It will convert the tree  $1 \times \dots$  into just  $\dots$  It will convert  $0 \times \dots$  into just 0. And so on.